



Relationships Education and Health Education Policy (Primary)

Document provenance

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Approver: Education Committee

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Executive Leadership Team Owner:

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February 2027

ELT

Unless there are legislative or regulatory changes in the interim, this policy will be reviewed every two years. Should no substantive changes be required at that point, the policy will move to the next review cycle.

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Summary of changes in this review

- Definition of relationships education and health education
 - Inclusion of statutory guidance 'Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education' (DfE (Department for Education))
 - Specific reference to SEND (Special Educational Needs and Disabilities)
 - Schools' freedom to determine age-appropriate content (including additional sex education content)
- Amended academy aims to fit with this statutory guidance
- Reference to the academy Personal Development Lead
- Specific reference to the link between this policy and keeping children safe
- Amended coordination examples (e.g., check-ins, PSHE (Personal Social and Health Education) and SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural) provision)
- Inclusion of DfE update due to COVID-19 where schools have flexibility to deliver by summer term 2021¹
- Specific reference to clear ground rules for sensitive topics
- Specific reference to assessment of progress being based on regular feedback
- Update to 'The role of parents' around withdrawal and any discussions recorded on CPOMS
- Signposting to additional resources for staff training
- Consideration for staff wellbeing based on personal experiences/views
- Specific reference to managing difficult questions

¹ [DfE Guidance: Implementation of relationships education, relationships and sex education and health education 2020 to 2021](#)

- SENDCo also responsibility for inclusion oversight
- Further detail added around monitoring activities notably the inclusion of parental consultation

Related policies

- Relationships & Sex Education and Health Education (Secondary) Policy

Summary of policy:

The policy outlines the legal framework around relationship education for primary school age pupils and explains how the curriculum content will be determined and quality assured.

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1. Introduction and Purpose

- 1.1. Relationships education is teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults. Health Education is teaching pupils about physical health and mental wellbeing (and that they are interlinked) to give them the information that they need to make good decisions about their own health and wellbeing. It should enable them to recognise what is normal and what is an issue in themselves and others and, when issues arise, know how to seek support as early as possible from appropriate sources.
- 1.2. Relationships education (hereafter to include health education) is a key part of helping children and young people to stay safe and be well-prepared for life in modern Britain. This policy outlines the legal framework around relationship education for primary school pupils, how the curriculum is planned, and quality checked and confirmation that from September 2020 pupils cannot be withdrawn from these lessons by their parents. Parents should be aware that our academies have to uphold the legal duties set out in the Equality Act 2010 and not discriminate against anyone with protected characteristics. ²

2. Scope

- 2.1. This policy applies to all E-ACT primary academies.

3. Legislation and Regulation

- 3.1. The legal framework and guidance came into effect from September 2019 and is an amendment to the Children and Social Work Act 2017². Section 34 states:
 - 3.1.1. Relationships education to be provided to pupils of compulsory school age receiving primary education at schools in England;
 - 3.1.2. Relationships and sex education to be provided (instead of sex education) to pupils receiving secondary education at schools in England.
- 3.2. The regulations must include:
 - 3.2.1. Schools to make statements of policy in relation to the education to be provided, and to make the statements available to parents or other people;
 - 3.2.2. The circumstances in which a pupil (or a pupil below a specified age) is to be excused from receiving relationships and sex education or specified elements of that education.

² [Children and Social Work Act 2017](#)

3.2.3. When relationships education or relationships and sex education is given, the pupils learn about:

- Safety in forming and maintaining relationships,
- The characteristics of healthy relationships, and
- How relationships may affect physical and mental health and well-being.

3.3. The education is appropriate having regard to the age and the religious background of the pupils.

3.4. We must also have regard to the statutory guidance 'Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education (DfE)³

3.4.1. Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education must be accessible for all pupils. This is particularly important when planning teaching for pupils with special educational needs and disabilities who represent a large minority of pupils. High quality teaching that is differentiated and personalised will be the starting point to ensure accessibility. The academy's SENDCo along with the Headteacher will have oversight of this aspect.

3.4.2. Schools will retain freedom to determine an age-appropriate, developmental curriculum which meets the needs of young people.

3.4.3. It will be for primary schools to determine whether they need to cover any additional content on sex education to meet the needs of their pupils. Many primary schools already choose to teach some aspects of sex education and will continue to do so, although it is not a requirement.

3.4.4. Where a maintained primary school chooses to teach aspects of sex education (which go beyond the national curriculum for science), the school must set this out in their policy and all schools should consult with parents on what is to be covered. Primary schools that choose to teach sex education must allow parents a right to withdraw their children.

3.4.5. Pupils should be made aware of the relevant legal provisions when relevant topics are being taught. As staff are not qualified to give legal advice, pupils will be directed to appropriate sources of advice.

4. Policy Statement

4.1. The academy aims to help pupils understand:

- Characteristics of a healthy family (commitment, stability, care, security etc.) and how to recognise/respond if a family relationship is making them feel unhappy/unsafe;
- Respecting differences in others' families;

³[DfE Statutory Guidance: Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education](#)

- That marriage (civil or religious) is a formal/legal commitment intended for life;
- The importance of friendships and their characteristics (caring, respect, trust, loyalty, kindness etc.) and how to recognise/respond if a friendship is making them feel unhappy/unsafe;
- Respect and respecting difference (including self-respect, bullying, cyberbullying, stereotyping, permission-seeking/giving);
- Online risks (people, relationships, data) and how to stay safe online/report concerns;
- Being safe through boundaries, privacy, a person's body belonging to them, responding appropriately to adults, how to recognise/report feeling unsafe and abuse;
- The importance of their physical, emotional, and moral development;
- How to develop skills to enable them to make healthy responsible choices about their health and wellbeing (including mental health);
- How to move more confidently and responsibly into adolescence;
- Basic first aid;
- The facts/risks with smoking, alcohol, and drugs.

4.2. This policy is fully considered in conjunction with keeping children safe and it is a key aspect of safeguarding through raising pupils' awareness and providing an open forum to discuss potentially sensitive issues.

5. Coordination and Implementation

5.1. The proposed content of a programme of relationship education from Reception to Year 6 will be determined by each academy and overseen by the Education Directors.

5.2. The headteacher in each primary academy will oversee the planning of a programme of content for relationships education. Each Education Director will review this on an annual basis with our primary headteachers. The headteachers will ensure it is age appropriate, meets all statutory guidance, is inclusive and is taught well.

5.3. The National Curriculum science states that at Key Stage 2, children should learn:

- That life processes common to humans and other animals include nutrition, growth, and reproduction; and,
- About the main stages of the human life cycle.

5.4. Relationships education is coordinated by the Personal Development Lead and delivered through:

- National curriculum subjects (e.g., citizenship, science, computing, PE, RE);
- Themes and topics within PSHE;
- Spiritual, moral, social, and cultural provision;
- Pastoral, circle time, check-ins, and assemblies;
- Use of external agencies/organisations to enhance existing delivery – The academy will ensure appropriate checks are completed on any visitors to ensure their credentials

and that the delivery is in line with the planned programme.

5.5. Staff will ensure clear ground rules are set when teaching sensitive topics. Examples include safeguarding, confidentiality, respect, listening and non-judgmental.

5.6. We have high expectations of the quality of pupils' work within relationships education. We will build on the knowledge that pupils have previously acquired and obtain regular feedback to assess and capture progress.

6. The role of parents

6.1. We wish to build a positive and supporting relationship with the parents of children at the academy through mutual understanding, trust, and cooperation.

6.2. In promoting this objective, we:

- Inform parents about the academy's relationship education policy and practice;
- Answer any questions that parents may have about the relationship education of their child;
- Inform parents about the best practice known regarding relationship education.

6.3. We believe that, through this mutual exchange of knowledge and information, children will benefit from being given consistent messages about their changing bodies and their increasing responsibilities.

6.3.1. We will provide clear opportunities for all parents and carers to know what will be taught and when, and to discuss the programme of relationship education lessons so that they understand the purpose and our approach. We will explain what the issues are and how they are taught and give parents and carers the opportunity to see the materials the academy uses in its teaching. Where additional content (beyond the science curriculum) in relation to sex education is being considered for inclusion, parents/carers will be consulted prior to delivery.

6.3.2. Parents should be aware that since September 2020, they no longer have the right to withdraw their child from any part of our relationship's education or health education programmes at primary or secondary level.

6.3.3. Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from any sex education delivered within primaries, other than as part of the science curriculum. We will discuss any request with parents/carers (and the child if appropriate) to understand the rationale, provide clarity on the purpose, the benefits of inclusion and the detrimental effects of withdrawal. This will be recorded on CPOMS.

7. Training

- 7.1. Headteachers are responsible for organising the training of staff and assuring the quality of this training.
- 7.2. Staff will receive training that equips them with the knowledge and understanding to deliver our E-ACT policy and programme of relationships education lessons effectively.
- 7.3. Staff wellbeing will also be considered at all times. Staff will discuss with their line manager if they have any personal experience or views that need to be considered to ensure delivery is appropriate and effective for all.
- 7.4. Primary-age pupils can often ask questions pertaining to sex or sexuality which go beyond what is set out for Relationships Education. This can be because they want information, are seeking permission (e.g., is it OK if I?), are trying to shock or get attention, or have related personal beliefs. Our staff will consider what is age-appropriate to respond to in a whole-group setting and seek advice (which may be with parents/carer) if needed before responding separately.
- 7.5. The DfE have provided useful resources to support this process:
 - [DfE Guidance: Teacher Training - Being Safe](#)
 - [DfE Guidance: Teaching about relationships, sex and health](#)
- 7.6. The PSHE Association also provides a wealth of resources to support staff training: www.pshe-association.org.uk

8. Responsibilities

- 8.1. The following responsibilities apply in relation to this policy:
 - The Board of Trustees is responsible for evaluating the impact of the policy and for reviewing it annually to ensure compliance with statutory regulations.
 - The National Directors of Education and the Education Directors are responsible for monitoring the implementation and impact of the policy.
 - Headteachers (together with Personal Development Leads) are responsible for implementing the policy and assuring high quality in the teaching of relationships education.

9. Monitoring and Compliance

- 9.1. This policy will be monitored during Challenge Days throughout the year.
- 9.2 The Education Directors will work with headteachers to review compliance with this policy. To ensure the quality and effectiveness of **Relationships Education, RSE, and Health Education**, E-ACT academies will implement a robust monitoring and evaluation

framework which will include: Lesson observations, pupil feedback, Parental consultations. Additionally, an annual report will be submitted to the Education Directors, evaluating staff training, parental engagement, and pupil outcomes.